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# **TALLYERP 9**

## WhatisTally?

TallyERP9NotesEnglishpdf–WhatisTally?–Tallyisanaccountingsoftware developed by Tally Solution Limited Company. Which is used to record and keep the financial transactions of a company, trust or financial transaction institution from computer. So that the financial status of the business will be known.



#### FullformofTally-

Total Accounting Leading List Year

TransactionsAllowedinaLinearLineYard

WhatarethedifferentversionsofTally?-TallyERP9NotesEnglishpdf

Tally3.0(1990)–Tally3.0isthefirstversionofTally.Whichhasbeenusedfor basic accounting requirements of small businesses. However, external and

special commands are required tor unthesoftware. And it only supports Microsoft DOS.

Tally3.12(1991)

Tally4 (1992)

Tally4.5 (1994)

Tally5.4 (1996)

Tally6.3 (2001)

Tally7.2 (2005)

Tally8.1 (2006)

Tally 9(2006)

TallyERP9

TallyERP9isthelatestversionofTallysince2009. Itisbeingusedbythetrade organization. It has advanced features including GST computation, invoicing and payroll processing, remote access, multi-user login and transaction processes. Nowadays businessmen want a complete business solution software like Tally.

#### BasicAccountingTerms-

Currentlythescopeofbusinesshasexpandedconsiderably.Thecomplexities of financial transactions have also increased in the changing environment of the global economy and business, as a result, it has become necessary for a business organization to keep an account of the regulation of financial practices. It is very difficult and impossible to remember every transaction. Thisiswhybookkeepingemerged.LucasPescioliiscalledthefatherof bookkeeping.

In India, the work of determining accounting standards and training of accountantsisbeingdonebytheInstituteofCharteredAccountantsofIndia and Institute of Costs and Works Accountants of India.

#### Meaninganddefinitionofbookkeeping

Bookkeeping is also called bookkeeping. This means writing transactions in books. There are many types of monetary transactions in the business which

need to be systematically accounted for in books. Regular of all financial transactions of the business, Duly, The art of accounting purely and clearly is called bookkeeping or bookkeeping. Bookkeeping is done on the same day the transaction takes place. Definitions: – According to Carter -"Bookkeeping is the art of properly accounting all those business transactions and is a science, This results in the transfer of the value of the currency. J.J. R. According to Batliboy - "Bookkeepingistheartofaccountingbusinesspracticesunderproperheadings.

#### MeaningandDefinitionofAccounting

Bookkeeping is also called bookkeeping. This means writing transactions in books.Therearemanytypesofmonetarytransactionsinbusinesswhichneed to be systematically accounted for in books. The art of regular, methodical, pure and clear accounting of all financial transactions of a business is called bookkeeping or bookkeeping.

#### Bookkeepingisdoneonthesamedaythetransactiontakesplace.

Definitions: – According to Carter – "Bookkeeping is the art and science of properly accounting all business transactions, which results in the transfer of value of money."

J.R.AccordingtoBatliboy–"Bookkeepingistheartofaccountingbusiness practices under proper headings.

#### **ObjectiveofAccounting**

there is a proper accounting i

Accounting, As we know, there is a proper accounting in the books of all business practices. Information about all the financial practices related to businessandenterpriseisobtainedthroughaccounting. Its main objectives are as follows –

- 1. Knowledgeofcapital:-
- 2. Knowledge of buying and selling: 3.

Knowledgeofdebtorsandcreditors:-

- 4. Knowledgeofthefinancialpositionofthebusiness
- 5. Profitandlossknowledge

DefinitionofAccounting

Accounting is the process by which financial transactions have to be identified, enteredandprocessedbypreparingareport.Bywhichthefinancialposition of the business can be known, it is called accounting.

#### BasicAccountingTerms–Terminologyoftally

#### Business: -

The legal work done for the purpose of making profit is called business. Business is a broad term under which business, Production work, Sale or purchaseofgoodsorservices, Bank, Insurance, Transport companies come under it.

#### **Typesof Business**

- 1. Manufacturing (production)
- 2. Trading (Sales)
- 3.Servicing(Service)

Trade (Business):-

Thesaleandpurchaseofgoodsdoneforthepurposeofmakingaprofitis called trade.

### Profession(Professionorprofession):-

Anyworkormeansdonetoearnincomewhichrequirespriortraining, The profession is called – Doctor, teacher, Work of lawyer etc. comes under occupation.

#### Proprietor(OwnerorOwner):-

The personstarting the business, who arranges for the necessary capital and carriestheriskoflossandlossoftheofficertoreceivetheprofit.,Theowner of the business is called.

Capital(Capital)

Money to start a business by the owner of the business, It is imposed as cash or other property, it is called capital. In the business, the capital is employed forthepurposeofprofit,thatpartoftheprofitwhichisnotremovedfrom the business,Capital: – Assets – Responsibilities

#### Drawing(Withdrawal)-

Goodsorcashwhicharetakenoutbytheownerofthebusinessforpersonal use of the business, This is called withdrawal or personal expenditure. Withdrawalreducestheamountofcapital.

#### Transaction(Transactionortransaction):-

Doublesidedcurrency, Mutualexchangeofgoodsorservices; Mgbindhamdhis called a Saunders transaction. Purchase and sale of goods, Economic activities such as payment and payment etc. are called commercial transactions or transactions.

#### **Typesof Transaction**

- 1. CashTransaction(Cashtransaction)
- 2. CreditTransaction(Creditorcredittransaction)
- 3. BillTransaction(Billtransaction)
  - Goods(Goods)

Thegoodsarecalledthatthing, whichistraded-tradedortraded. Raw material obtained for the manufacture of goods under goods, Can be semifinished material or finished goods>

Purchase(Purchase) W/W/W/W/W/W/

Whengoodsarepurchasedforsalebythemerchant, it is called purchasing. It can be purchased in the form of raw material or finished goods. Purchase of properties, Purchase not included, because they are not for resale.

• PurchaseReturn(Purchasereturn)

Goodsthatarereturnedduetoanyofthepurchasedgoods, Purchasereturn or outward return (to him) Return Outward) It is said.

• Sales(Sales)

When the purchased goods are sold for the purpose of profit, it is called selling.Cashsaletosellcashgoods(CashSales)andsaleofcredittosellgoods (Credit Sales) it is said.

• SalesReturn(Salesreturn)

Any goods sold are returned by the customer due to any reason, this is called salesreturnorinternalreturn. In the lobby Sales returnonentry, it is entered into a journal voucher or debit note.

• Stock(Stockorstock)

Afteracertainperiodoftime, it is called a stock, on the last day of a businessyear, which remains unsold, the last stock (Closing Stock) it is said. This stock at the beginning of the new business year, Initial stock (Opening Stock) it is called.

• Assets(Assets):-

Allsuchpermanentandtemporaryitemsofbusinesswhicharenecessaryto run the business and which are owned by the businessman, the assets are called. Like – machine, all instruments used for personal use of land and business, Furniture, The printer, Computer etc. Types of Assets

1. Fixed Assets Permanent Property () – Equipment, All instrumentsusedforpersonaluseoflandandbusiness, Furniture, The printer, Custom etc.

- 2. CurrentAssetsMovableproperty(cash)–cash.Bankcashetc.
- BasicAccountingTerms
- WW.VIDYAPITH.IN
- 1. Liabilities(LiabilityorLiabilities):-

Theliabilityofthebusinessiscalledliability. There are some essential states in the business, those who have the obligation to repay the business like – Capital, Bill of credit, Creditor, Bank overdraft etc.

2. Revenue(Revenue):-

Revenuereferstotheamountreceivedregularlyfromthesaleofgoodsor services. Business day-to-day activities like rent – rent, Interest, The commission, Discount, Dividends etc. are also called revenue.

#### 3. Expenses(theexpense):-

Goods in business, Costs incurred for producing or acquiring goods and services.Theexpenditureiscalled.Paymentsforreceiptofgoodsandservices arecoveredunderexpenditure.Wage,Thefreight,Salarypaidondeliveryand sale of railway carriages and goods, The rent, advertisement, the expense, Insurance is also included in the expenditure. The cost of increasing the revenue in brief is called expenditure.

#### **Typesof Expenses**

1. DirectExpenses:-

Paymentforreceiptofgoodsandservices—wages,thefreight,Paymenton delivery and sale of railway carriages and goods

#### 2. IndirectExpenses:-

Increaserevenue, the wages, therent, advertisement, the expense, Insurance etc.

#### Expenditure(Spend):-

Spend is the amount paid to increase the profit-earning capacity of the business.Expensesthatarepaidfortheacquisitionoracquisitionofassetsina business are called expenses.

# Gain(Benefit):- VIDYAPITH ACADEW

this Is akind of monetary gain, Which results from business like if 1,00,000 Goodsworth Rs. 1,50,000 If sold in rupees 50,000 Receipt of money will be called profit. Basic Accounting Terms

#### Cost(Cost):-

Rawmaterialsusedinbusinessanditsfunctions,Serviceandloan,Thesumof all direct and indirect expenses to be produced or used to make it useful is called cost of goods. The item includes the raw material or assets.

Discount(Deduction,Discountordiscount):-

Concessiongrantedtotheconcessiongivenbythemerchanttohiscustomers, It is called discount or discount. It is also called a gift. There are two types of discount –

1. Merchant discount Trade Discount): – The seller makes a discount (discounted) to his customers in the face value, i.e. the list price, while purchasingthegoods. It is called a tradediscount with the aim of increasing the sale of goods. It is not done in the accounting books

2. CashdiscountCashDiscount):-Exemptionprovidedforpaymentofcash or check value in a fixed or fixed period, It is called cash discount, it is used in books of accounts.

#### Debtor(Debtorordebtor):-

Theperson,Borrowgoodsorservicesfromafirmorinstitution,Itiscalledthe debtor or debtor of the business. To debtors 'sundry debtors'; It is said that Nainkantal.

#### Creditor(Creditorordebtor):-

The person, Goods or services are borrowed from a firm or institution, it is calledacreditororacreditor.'Sundrycreditors'(SundryCreditors)Itissaid. Like – from Lakhan Shyam. The printer 20000 Bought for Rs. Receivable

#### RECEIVABLE:

Any amount related to business which is to be obtained is called receivable. Thebuyeriscalleda debtorwhenthereis acreditsaleofgoodsinthetrade, through which funds are to be obtained Basic Accounting Terms *Liabilities* 

#### PAYABLE:

Therearecertainamountsinthebusinesswhichthemerchanthastorepayin (future Payable) It is said. Those from whom credit is purchased by trade are creditors of the trade (Creditors) It is said.

#### ENTRY(ENTRY):

 $\label{eq:Enteringthetransaction} Entering the transaction in the books of account is called {\sf Entry}.$ 

#### WHOLESALE(TURNOVER):

Thesumofthecashandcreditsalesthat occurinacertainsumisthetotal sales or Turn over it is said. Sales cash = sales credit Turn over

#### INSOLVENT/BANKRUPT:

Apersonwhoisunabletorepayhisloaniscalledbankrupt.Theliabilityofsuch a person is more than the value of his property. In such a situation, he cannot repay his loan in full. He has to take refuge in the court to partially repay the debt. The court allows him to partially repay the debt by declaring him bankrupt, thereby freeing him from his debt.

#### BADDEBTS/DEBT:

Unabletorecovertheamountductotheinabilityofthedebtororgoingbankrupt, for a creditor, it is called bad debt or unapproachable loan.

#### DEBITANDCREDIT(DEBITANDCREDIT):

Eachaccounthastwosides. The left side is called the deposit centroid or the integral. deviation and the right side is called the deposit centroid or the integral. Accounting on the left side of an account is called a debit account, which is traditionally abbreviated Dr. It is thus written that account ing on the right of the account is called deposit account, which is traditionally Cr. Let's write It is noteworthy that in Indian bookkeeping system, the debits ide is on the right and the deposit is on the left.

#### COMMISSION/COMMISSIONORREVOCATION:

Representativeoragentinreturnforcooperatingorrepresentinginbusiness activities; the remuneration paid to Hamdjad is called Kamshin.

#### COMPANY(FIRM):

Inageneralsense, a firm referstoanentity that establishes a partnership or does a business or business function, but in a broader sense each business entity can be referred to as a firm.

#### ACCOUNT/LEGER/ACCOUNT:

Ledger or ledger is a table in which soida are classified according to their natureandarewritteninorderataplaceunderaheadinginsimplewords.,

Thelistthatismade aftersortingtheaccountsrelatedtopropertyandincome, etc., is an account or ledger.

Account the word is abbreviated in English A / c it happens. This abbreviated formisoftenusedinarticlesandeachaccountisdividedintotwosides.Debit the left side Debit And right side Credit They say

#### TallyToworkinUsermainly4todowork-

Company Creation (Company making)

Ledger Creation (Laserbana)

InventoryManagement(stockmanagement)

Voucher Entry (Voucher entire)

When we first started a business, Shop, Want to manage the organization or firmintally, so the first thing to be done is to create a company in the name of that firm. These companies are formed before the start of work in the tally. Company Creation Tally ERP9 Notes (Company formation)

Followthefollowingstepstocreateacompanyinatally-

- 1. Gotocompanyinfomenu
- 2. CreateCompanySelecttheoption of
- 3. ShortcutkeyAlt+F1orshortcutkeyAlt+F3BygoingtoCreateCompany Choose Option.

Assoonaswechoosethisoptioncompanycreationofwindowwillopenin which fill the information sought and Ctrl + A button Press and save.

Part EE	nt MEEMail Ortugoant ScTat	ByShop G. Language K: Keyboard K: Control Centre E: Support Centre H: Help
impany Greation	Cillinger Public Tally EPP9/Data	Ctrl + H
lame	TS Skill Hub	Financial year begins from 1.4.2020
	Primary Mailing Details	Books beginning from 1-4-2020
Inites ever	TC Chill Hash	Provide Control 1
ladress Jountry	Nahima Sagar Ward Dhamtari Chhattisagarn India	TallyVault password (if any) Repeat password (Warning: Forgetting TallyVault password will render your data maccessible.)
State	Chhattisgarh	Use security control 7 No
hncode	4937773	(Enable security to avail TSS features)
	Contact Details	
hone no.		
doble na	88395424	
ax no.	makilthub/Bomail.com	
Nebsite	www.tallyallbook.blogspot.com	
	Base	2 Currency Information
Base currency symbol	÷ ۲	Number of decimal places
formal name	INR	Word representing amount after decima
sume symbol to amo	mt 7 No	No. of decimal places for amount in wor Accept ?
how amount in millio	7 No	
CASE MELINARY OF COMM		Yes or No.
Quit		

Details to be filled in company creation window

#### **FillBasic Data**

Directory – This field is already full, this field contains the path of the tally, WhereTallySoftwareLoadsThecursorleavesthisfieldandthecompanytobe created automatically stores it in this directory.

*Name*–Enterthatnameinthisfield,Namebywhichyouwanttocreatea company like Trisha Pvt Ltd.

*MailingName*–Enterthecompany'smailingnameinthisfield.Thenameof the company is usually the malting name.

Address-Thecompleteaddressofthecompanyismaintained in this field.

*State*–Inthisfield, enterthestate inwhich your business is established.

Pincode–Enterthepincodeoftheplaceinthisfield, Wherethecompanies are established

TelephoneNumber–Enterthecompany'stelephonenumberinthisfield.

*E-mailAddress*–Enterthecompany'semailaddressinthisfield.

Website-Enterthecompanywebsiteinthis field

Booksandfinancialyeardetails-

- FinancialYearfrom–Enterthestartingdateofthefinancialyearinthis field like – 01 – Apr – 2019
- BooksBeginningfrom–Enterthedatesofopeningofbooksofaccounts in this field, such as 01 Apr 2019.

*Securitycontrol*–Ifyouwanttoactivatesecurityonthecompany,sotrythis option and enter it after entering the user name and password.

**BaseCurrencyInformation** 

Allthesefieldsareautofill, youcanchangeasperyourrequirement. Base

currency symbol

Formalname

Suffixsymboltoamount?

Addspacebetweenamountandsymbol?

Show amount in millions?

Numberofdecimalplaces

Word representing amount after decimal

Numberofdecimalplacesforamountinwords

Nowafterfillingalltheinformationinthelast, bypressing the enterbutton or Ctrl + A Save the information by pressing the button. SelectcompanyintallySelectCompanyTallyERP9Notes

Gateway of Tally – F1 (Select Company) or

GatewayofTally-Alt+F1(SelectCompany) or

GatewayofTally-Alt+F3(SelectCompany)

AltercompanyintallyRevisecompany–TallyERP9Notes

Ifyouwanttomakeanykindofchangeinanalreadycreatedcompany,sofrom the gateway of tally F1 select the company by pressing the key, In which you want to change. After selecting the company Alt + F3 Press key, Which will display the Company Info menu. Select the Alter option from here. This will display the company alteration screen. After making changes to it, save it.

Gatewayoftally

PressF1(SelecttheCompany)

Alt + F3

Alter4Select Company

DeletecompanyintallyCompanyremoval-

Any company to delete first to that company To select Do it Again Alt + F3 From company info menu by pressing key Alter Select the option. Select the companyyouwanttodeleteandafterselectingitAlt+dUsethekey.Dueto which the selected company will be deleted.

Gatewayoftally

PressF1(SelecttheCompany)Alt+F3 Alter

Selectcompany

Alt + d

WhatisLedgerandhowtocreateintally?

CreatingaLedgerinTally-

Account / Ledger / Account: - Ledger or ledger is a table in which soida According to their nature, a person is written in a simple sequence in a place underatitle.Frompropertyandincomeetc.Thelistthatismadeaftersorting related articles is ledger or ledger.

Account the word is abbreviated in English A / c it happens. This abbreviated formisoftenusedinarticlesandeachaccountisdividedintotwosides.Debit

theleftsideDebitandrightsideCreditTheysayLedgeroraccountcreationin Tally (): – Tally In order to make a laser, we follow the following steps –

Gatewayoftally

Accounts Info

Ledgers

Create

If you follow these steps, it will be dialed 4Box appears



1. *SingleLedger*-Throughthisoption,onlyoneaccountcanbecreatedata time.

P.Pv	NJERP 9 It Electronic	Mr.E-Mad	O: Upfoad	ScTalleShop	Gitanguage	K: Keyboard	K. Control Centre H: Supp	ort Centre H: Help	a (0) 2 Promer
Unde	r Group	+ All Items		15.54	kali Hudir			For 1-Apr-2020	Pickey Company Pil: Parent
S.No.	Name of Leo	dger					Under	Opening Balance Dr/Cr	Editive Rains
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Dena Bank A/c Trisha Furniture Computer Maheshwari Kushal Ramk Drawing					Bank A Sundry Fixed A Sundry Sundry Sundry Sundry	Accounts y Creditors Assets Assets y Debtors y Creditors y Debtors becoment		P June Opening the Price Spectra Distance Price Ship Details
									G. Groups
Q:Qu	t Accept	Delita:				CRettole Line UCR	ettire Cive []: Bettoor Al		F11:Features
Tally N	IAIN> Gateway of Tal	ly-++> Accounts In	(o, +-> Ledgers>	Multi Ledger Cre	eation		C Tally Solutions Pit Lt	d., 1988-2 Set, 30 May, 202	02:24:38

2. *MultipleLedger*-ThroughthisoptionatoncemorethanoneAccounts Can build

#### Whatisvoucher?

InventoryVoucher:WhatisVoucher–Voucherisatypeofwrittenstatement detailing all financial or Non-Financial transactions. Voucher is an important part of the business, it uses Voucher in all types of business. In Tally we are Voucher Entry accordingly.

#### TypesofVoucher-

- 1. AccountingVoucher
- 2. InventoryVoucher

### 1. Accountingvoucher

Accountingvoucheristhevoucherinwhichthebookismaintainedaccording to financial transactions.

#### TypesofAccountingVouchers

ContraVoucher(F4)	PaymentVouchers(F5)	ReceiptVoucher(F6)
JournalVouchers (F7)	SalesVouchers(F8)	CreditNoteVoucher(Ctrl +F8)
PurchaseVouchers (F9)	MemoVoucher(Ctrl+ F10)	DebitNoteVoucher(Ctrl +F9)

#### TypesofAccountingVouchers

#### 1. ContraVoucher:

The contraentry represents the following types of fund transfers.

- CashA/cToBankA/c
- BankA/cToCashA/c
- BankA/ctoBankA/c

FollowthefollowingstepstouseContraVoucher

A-GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers

**B-PressF4 Button** 

# 2. Payment Voucher: DYAPITH ACADEMY

Thisvoucherisused for payment related transactions in Tally.

FollowthefollowingstepstousePaymentVoucher

A-GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers

**B-F5Buttonpress** 

#### 3. JournalVoucher:

It is an accounting voucher used to adjust debit and credit amount without including it in cash or bank accounts.

*JournalVoucherfollowthefollowingstepstouse*:-A- Gateway of Tally > Accounting Vouchers

#### **B-F7Buttonpress**

#### 4. ReceiptVoucher:

Itisanaccountingvoucher. This voucher is used when a party or other way receives a beverage or amount.

FollowthefollowingstepstouseReceiptVoucher

A-GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers B-pressF6 Button

#### 5. Sales Voucher:

It is an accounting voucher which is used when a sale stransaction is made.

#### FollowthefollowingstepstouseSalesVoucher:

A-GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers

**B-F8Buttonpress** 

#### 6. PurchaseVoucher:

ItisanaccountingvoucherwhichisusedwhenpurchaseTransaction.

#### FollowthefollowingstepstousePurchaseVoucher

A-GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers

B-F9Buttonpress

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#### WhatisInventoryVoucher?

What is Inventory Voucher – the way Accounting Voucher work in Accounting System.Similarly, inventory is invouchers, it Record of goods received or sent.

GototheGatewayofTally>InventoryVoucherstoseeit. Activate

**Inventory Voucher** 

Toworkoninventoryvouchers, we have to follow the instruction sgiven below:

Go to Gateway Tally.

PressF11Featurebutton.

PresstheF2buttonorselecttheinventoryfeatures. Integrate

Accounts and Inventory – Yes.

EnablePurchaseOrderProcessing-Yes.

Enable Sales Order Processing – Yes.

UseRejectioninwardandoutwardnotes–Yes. Use Material in and out Vouchers – Yes.

Thus, after all these tting, save the ctrl+Abutton by press. You'll inventory Voucher activate after save.

TypesofInventoryVoucherinTallyERP9/TypesofInventory Vouchers

- ReceiptNote(Alt+F9)
- DeliveryNote (Alt+F8)
- Rejectionout(Alt+F6)
- RejectionIn(ctrl+F6)
- StockJournal(Alt+F7)
- PhysicalStock(Alt+F10)
- SalesOrder(Alt+F5)
- PurchaseOrder(Alt+F4)

### **ΥΛΟΙΤΗ ΛΟΛΠΕΜΥ**

Tallyhasvariousinventoryvouchersavailablethroughwhichwecanstock management or inventory management.

#### ReceiptNoteVoucher

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WhatisReceiptNoteVoucher—itisainventoryvoucherthroughwhichwecan useordergivengoods/goodsforpurchase.ReceiptnoteisEntrywhenGoodsis received. Entry in Receipt Note, our stock begins to appear. Receipt Note Voucher has a shortcut key Alt + F9.

InventoryVoucher:ReceiptNoteEntry

#### DeliveryNoteVoucher

WhatisDeliveryNoteVoucher–itisainventoryvoucherthroughwhichwe receive order for Sales on goods/goods. the Delivery Note Voucher is Entry after sending the Goods. Our stock decreases as soon as we entry in the DeliveryNoteVoucher.DeliveryNoteVoucherhasashortcutkeyAlt+ F8.

#### RejectionoutVoucher

What is Rejection out Voucher – it is a inventory voucher through which we purchase the goods given order/goods. When Goods is received, the item is returned from some item damage or any other reason. Then entry is done in Rejection out Voucher. As soon as we entry in the Rejection out Voucher, our itemofthestockbeginstodecrease.RejectionoutVoucherhasashortcutkey Alt + F6.

#### RejectioninVoucher

WhatisRejectionInVoucher–itisaInventoryVoucherthroughwhichwehave received order for Sales/goods. When Goods is deliver, it comes back to item fromsomeitemdamageoranyotherreason.ThenentryisdoneinRejectionIn Voucher. As soon as we entry in the Rejection in Voucher, our item of stock begins to look more visible. Rejection in Voucher has a shortcut key Alt + F7.

#### StockJournal Voucher

WhatisStockJournalVoucher–itisainventoryvoucherthroughwhichwe transfer stock from one godown to another godown stock.

Forexample–wehaveagodown,thefirsthomegodownandthesecond office godown in which we keep stock.

StockJournalVoucherisalsousedformanufacturingprocessinwhichRaw Material is transfer in Finished Goods.

#### PhysicalStockVoucher

Physical Stock Voucher is used to record the actual stock, which can be Verify orCount.Whenwedon'tmatchstockandphysicalstockwritteninourbooks, we difference stock entry we do it in Physical Stock Voucher.

#### SalesOrderVoucher

WhatisSalesOrderVoucher–itisainventoryvoucherthroughwhichwecan use goods/goods for Sales. Goods order, which we Entry in Sales Order Voucher.EntryinSalesOrderVoucherdoesnotmakeanydifferenceinstock.

Thestockisreduced onlywhenSalesOrderisentryinDeliveryNoteVoucher. Sales Order Voucher has a shortcut key Alt + F5.

#### PurchaseOrderVoucher

Whatis PurchaseOrderVoucher –it is ainventory voucherthroughwhichwe purchase goods/goods for the purchase. Goods order, which we Entry in PurchaseOrderVoucher.EntryinPurchaseOrderVoucherdoesnotappearin stock. Purchase Order stock add only when entry in Receipt Note Voucher. PurchaseOrderVoucherhasashortcutkeyAlt+ F4.

#### InventoryVoucherEntry:PurchaseOrder

Key	Voucher	Dr/Cr	CashDeposit	Dr/Cr	CashWithdraw
F4	Contra	Cr	ToCashA/C	Cr	ToBankA/C
	Contra	Dr	Bank A/C	Dr	Cash A/C
		2			
F5	Payment		PartyPayment		ExpensesPayment
	Payment	Dr	PartyNameA/C	Dr	Expenses A/C
	Payment	Cr	Cash/BankA/C	Cr	Cash/BankA/C
	$\rightarrow \star$	VIDY	APITH ACA	DEM	+
F7	Journal		PurchaseReturn		SalesReturn
	Journal	Dr	PartyNameA/C	Dr	SalesReturn
	Journal	Cr	PurchaseReturn	Cr	PartyNameA/C

#### **Golden Rules of Voucher Entry**

F6	Receipt		PartyReceipt		IncomeReceipt
	Receipt	Cr	PartyNameA/c	Cr	IncomeNameA/c
	Receipt	Dr	Cash/bankA/c	Dr	Cash/bankA/c

F8	Sales		CashSales		CreditSales
	Sales	Dr	Cash/BankA/C	Dr	PartyNameA/C
	Sales	Cr	SalesA/C	Cr	SalesA/C
F9	Purchase		CashPurchase		CreditPurchase
	Purchase	Cr	Cash/BankA/C	Cr	PartyNameA/C
	Purchase	Dr	PurchaseA/C	Dr	PurchaseA/C

Journalizethefollowingtransactions

- 1. CommencedbusinesswithcashRs.10,000.
- 2. DepositintobankRs.15,000
- 3. BoughtofficefurnitureRs.3,000
- 4. SoledgoodsforcashRs.2,500
- 5. PurchasedgoodsformMrXoncreditRs.2,000
- 6. SoledgoodstoMrYoncreditRs.3,000
- 7. ReceivedcashformMrYonaccountRs.2,000
- 8. PaidcashtoMrXRs.1,000
- 9. ReceivedcommissionRs.50
- 10. Received intereston bank deposit Rs. 100
- 11. PaidintobankRs.1,000
- 12. PaidforadvertisementRs.500
- 13. PurchasedgoodsforcashRs.800
- 14. SoldgoodsforcashRs.1,500
- 15. PaidsalaryRs.500

	Ke y	Voucher	Ledger	Group	Type Of Account	Principles	Amount
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EMY ★

1	F6	Receipt	Cr.Capital	Capital Account	Personal	Giver	10,000
			Dr.Cash	CashInHand	Real	ComesIn	10,000
2	F4	Contra	Cr.Cash	CashInHand	Real	Goes Out	15,000
			Dr.Bank	BankAccount	Real	ComesIn	15,000
3	F5	Payment	Dr.Office Furniture	FixedAsset	Real	ComesIn	3,000
			Cr.Cash	CashInHand	Real	Goes Out	3,000
4	F8	Sales	Dr.Cash	CashInHand	Real	ComesIn	2,500
			Cr. Sales	SalesAccount	Real	Goes Out	2,500
5	F9	Purchase	Cr.X	Sundry Creditor YAPIT	Personal	Giver	2,000
			Dr. Purchase	Purchase 2020 Account	Real	ComesIn	2,000
6	F8	Sales	Dr.Y	Sundry Debtors	Personal	Receiver	3,000
			Cr. Sales	SalesAccount	Real	Goes Out	3,000

7	F6	Receipt					
			Dr.cash	Cashin hand	Real	Comesin	2,000
8	F5	Payment	Dr.X			Receiver	1,000
			Cr.Cash	Cashin hand	Real	Goes out	1,000
9	F6	Receipt	Cr. commission	Indirect income	Nominal	Creditall income	50
			Dr.cash	Cashin hand	Real	Comesin	50
1 0	F6	Receipt	Cr.Interest on bank deposit	Indirect	Nominal	Creditall income	100
			Dr.Bank	Bankaccount	Real E	Comesin	100
1 1	F4	Contra	Cr.Cash	Cashin hand	Real	Goes out	1,000
			Dr.Bank	Bankaccount	Real	Comesin	1,000
1 2	F5	Payment	Dr. Advertiseme nt	Indirect expenses	Nominal	Debit all expenses	500
			Cr.Cash	Cashin hand	Real	Goes out	500

1 3	F9	Purchas e	Cr.Cash	Cashin hand	Real	Goes out	800
			Dr. purchase	Purchase account	Real	Comesin	800
			Crcash				
1 4	F8	Sales	Dr.cash	Cashin hand	Real	Comesin	1,500
			Cr. Sales	Salesaccount	Real	Goes out	1,500
1 5	F5	Payment	Dr. salary	Indirect expense	Nominal	Debit all expenses	500
			Cr.Cash	Cashin hand	Real	Goes out	500

Journal/voucherentrythefollowingtransactionsintheaccountingbookof shri Kushal Cloth Store.

FY-2021-2022

BooksBeginningfrom–2021

Address–GhadiChowkDhamtariChhattisgarhPin–493773

- 1. ShrikushalclothstorestartedfromRs.5lakh.
- 2. OpenedanaccountwithSBIBankDhamtariforRs.3lakhs.
- 3. PurchasedfurnitureworthRs10,000fortheshop.
- 4. PurchasedclothesworthRs2lakhfromShreeClothStoreRaipurandgave 12% GST.

2000rupeesofelectricitybill.

- 5. Gave100rupeesforteaNasta.
- 6. 1500billoftelephonebillpaidbycheck.
- 7. InterestofRs.1500wasreceivedfromSBIBank.
- 8. 5000rupeesofrentpaidbycheck.

- 9. SoldclothesworthRs.1lakhtoShriTrishaClothCentreCollierywith12% GST.
- 10. The trainfare was given 2500 rupees.
- 11. ShreeClothStoreRaipursentbacktheclothesof15000rupeesonreceiptof damage.
- 12. Officemaintenancegiven 2000 rupees.
- 13. Withdraw 5000 rupees from SBIBank for petty cash.
- 14. ShreeTrishareturnedfromClothCenterCollieryduetodamageofclothes worth Rs 10 thousand.
- 15. BankofBarodaBankgotacheckof90thousandrupeesfromShriTrisha Cloth Center Colliery.
- 16. Paid50thousandrupeestoMr.ClothStoreRaipurandreceived5percent cash discount.
- 17. The clothes worth 2 thousand rupees have deteriorated.
- 18. PurchasedacomputersystemofRs. 15000fortheshop.
- 19.5000 rupees given for the decoration of the shop.
- 20.Rs5000givenfordecoration of shop.

Solution-

BeforeenteringVoucherinTally, we have to create the ledger of all the transactions, so let's first create the ledger – 1- Go to the gateway of tally

- 2- AccountsInfo
- 3- SelectLedger
  - 4- Create

# **/IDYAPITH ACADEMY**

WWW.VIDYAPITH.IN

Now the screen of the ledger creation will be displayed in front of you, in whichcreatealltheledgeronebyoneandyestotheGSTwhilecreatingthe GST Ledger and fill the relevant information.

NowwehavetodoimportantworkinwhichwewillcreateaStockItemfor GST Entry, in which we will carefully input GST Rate.

Ledger	LedgerUnderGroup
Capital A/c	CapitalAccount

SBIBankDhamtari	BankAccount		
FurnitureA/C	FixedAccount		
PurchaseA/c	PurchaseAccount		
SGST	Duties& Taxes		
CGST	Duties& Taxes		
IGST	Duties& Taxes		
ShriClothStoreRaipur	SundryCreditor		
ElectricityBillA/c	IndirectExpenses		
Food&Snacks	IndirectExpenses		
TelephoneBillA/c WWW.VIDYAPITH.IN	IndirectExpenses		
BankInterestReceivedA/c	IndirectIncome		
Rent	IndirectExpenses		
TrishaClothCentre	SundryDebtor		
Sales	Sales		

WagesA/c	DirectExpenses		
PurchaseReturnA/c	PurchaseAccount		
Ledger	LedgerUnderGroup		
PettyCash A/c	CashAccount		
SalesReturn	Sales		
CashDiscountReceivedA/c	IndirectIncome		
ClothDamage	IndirectExpenses		
ComputerSystemA/C	FixedAssets		
Transaction1-5lakhrupeesshrikushalclothstorestarted.			

Voucher entry in Receipt Voucher F6 CapitalA/cDr.500000toCashCr. 50000

(Shrikushalclothstorestartedfrom5lakhrupees.)

Transaction2.OpenedanaccountwithSBIBankDhamtariforRs.3lakhs. Voucher

entry in Contra Voucher F4

SBIBankDhamtariA/cDr.300000

toCashA/cCr.300000

 $(Account opened in {\tt SBIB} ank {\tt Dhamtariwith Rs.3Lakh})$ 

 $Transaction 3. Purchased furniture of Rs. 10000 for the shop. \ Voucher$ 

entry in Payment Voucher

FurnitureA/cDr.10000toCashA

/ccr.10000

 $Purchased furniture worth {\tt Rs10,000} for the shop.$ 

Transaction4.PurchasedclothesworthRs2lakhfromShreeClothStore Raipur and gave 12% GST.

VoucherentryinpurchaseVoucher

Purchase A / c Dr. 200000

CGSTA/cDr.12000

SGSTA/cDr. 12000

toshriclothstoreRaipurac224000

(Buy clothes worth Rs 2 lakh from Shree Cloth Store Raipur and give 12% GST) Transaction 5. 2000 rupees of electricity bill. Voucher entry in Payment Voucher electricity bill A / c Dr. 2000 to cash ac / c cr. 2000

(2000rupeesofelectricitybill.)

Transaction6.Gave100rupeesofchainasta.

Voucher entry in Payment Voucher Food&SnacksA/cDr.100toCash A/cCr. 100

(TeaNastagiven100 rupees)

Transaction7.1500billoftelephonebillpaidbycheck. Voucher

entry in Payment Voucher

TelephoneBillDr.1500 SBI

Bank A / c Cr. 1500

(1500billoftelephonebillpaidby check)

Transaction8.InterestofRs.1500wasreceivedfromSBIBank. Voucher

entry in Receipt Voucher

SBIBankA /cDr. 1500

Bank Interest Received A / c Cr. 1500 (InterestofRs.1500receivedfromSBIBank)

 $\label{eq:transaction} Transaction 9.5000 rupees of rent paid by check.$ 

Voucher entry in Payment Voucher

RentA/cDr.5000

SBIBankA /cCr. 5000

(5000rupeesofrentpaidbycheck)

Transaction10.SoldclothesworthRs.1lakhtoShriTrishaClothCenter Colliery with 12% GST.

VoucherentryinSalesVoucher

ShriTrishaclothCenter112000

Sales A / c Cr. 100000

CGSTA/cCr.6000

SGSTA/cCr. 6000

(1trillionrupeessoldtoShriTrishaClothCenterCollierywith12%GST)

Transaction11.Thetrainfarewasgiven2500rupees. Voucher entry in Payment Voucher

WagesA/cDr.2500

Cash A / c Cr. 2500

(2500rupeesfortrainfare)

Transaction12.ShreeClothStoreRaipursentbackon15000rupeesafter receiving damage.

Voucher entry in Journal Voucher Shri Cloth Store Raipur Dr. 15000 toPurchaseReturnA/cCr.13800 to CGST A / cCr. 600 to SGST A /c Cr. 600

(ShreeClothStoreRaipursentbackonreceiptofDamageofRs.15000)

Transaction13.Officemaintenancegiven2000rupees. Voucher

entry in Payment Voucher

OfficeMaintenanceA/cDr.2000

Cash A / c Cr. 2000

(Officemaintenance2000rupeesgiven)

Transaction14.Withdraw5000rupeesfromSBIBankforpettycash. Voucher

entry in Payment Voucher

PettyCashA/cDr.5000 SBI

Bank A / c Cr. 5000

(Withdraw5000rupeesforpettycashfromSBIbank)

Transaction15.ShriTrishareturnedfromClothCenterCollieryduetodamage of clothes worth Rs. 10 thousand. Voucher entry in Journal Voucher

SalesReturnA/cDr.8800 CGST A

/ c Dr. 600 SGSTA/cDr. 600

toTrishaClothCenterA/cCr.10000

(ShriTrishaClothCenterreturnedfromcollieryduetodamageofclothes worth Rs. 10 thousand)

Transaction16.BankofBarodabankcheckreceivedfromShriTrishaCloth Center Colliery for Rs. 90 thousand.

Voucher entry in Receipt Voucher SBI Bank Dhamtari A / c Dr. 90000 to Trisha Cloth Center Cr. 90000 (CheckofBankofBarodaBankgot checkofRs.90thousandfromShri TrishaClothCenter Colliery,Check Number 461556.)

Transaction17.Paid50thousandrupeestoMrClothStoreRaipurandreceived5 percent cash discount.

VoucherentryinPaymentVoucher

ShriClothStoreRaipurDr.50000 Cash Discount ReceivedCr. 5000 Cash A / c Cr. 45000.

(PaidRs.50thousandtoMrClothStoreRaipurandreceived5percentcash discount)

Transaction 18.2 thousand rupees of clotheswent bad. Voucher

entry in Journal Voucher ClothDamagedA/c Dr.2000to PurchaseA/cCr.2000 (2thousandrupeesofclothesspoiled)

Transaction19.PurchasedacomputersystemofRs.15000fortheshop. Voucher

entry in Payment Voucher ComputerSystemDr.15000to CashA/cCr.15000 (PurchasedacomputersystemofRs.15000fortheshop) Transaction20.Rs5000givenfordecorationofshop. Voucher entry in Payment Voucher OfficeMaintenanceA/cDr.5000 Cash A / c Cr. 5000 (OfficemaintenancegivenRs. 5000)

WhatisGoodsandServiceTaxAct 2017?

GST is an Indirect Tax which has replaced many Indirect Taxes in India. The Goods and Service Tax Act was passed in the Parliament on 29th March 2017. TheActcameintoeffecton1stJuly2017;Goods&ServicesTaxLawinIndiaisa comprehensive, multi-stage, destination-based tax that is levied on every value addition.

GS

Insimplewords,GoodsandServiceTax(GST)isanindirecttaxleviedonthesupply of goods andservices. This law has replacedmany indirecttax laws thatpreviously existed in India.

Typesoftaxesunder GST

TherearecurrentlythreetypesofGST

- CGST–CentralGST–Appliestosaleswithinthestate –goesto Central Government
- SGST–StateGST–Appliestosaleswithinthestate–goestoState Government
- IGST-IntegratedGST-Appliestosalesoutsidethestate-goestoCentral Government

Forexample, if yousells omething within the state, 50% of the GST will be CGST and 50% of the GST will be SGST. But when you sell something outside a state, 100% of it will be IGST which will go to the Central Government.

Nowthatyouhaveabasicunderstanding of howGSTworks, we can go a head to understand the working of GST in Tallyalong with its accounting and calculation.

HowtobeginTallyERP9?

InordertouseTally,followingstepsmustbefollowed

- TocreateacompanyinTally
- ToenableGSTFeatures
- Tocreateledgers

Let'sdiscusstheaboveindetail

#### TocreateacompanyinTally

Step1: -	GotoGatewayofTally>Alt+F3>CreateCompany
Step2: -	Enterthebasicinformation, i.e., name, mailingnameand address of the company, currency symbol etc.
Step3: -	Inthe'maintainfield',selectAccountsOnlyorAccountswith Inventory as per the company requirements.
Step4: -	IntheFinancialYearfrom,thefirstdayofthecurrentfinancial year for e.g., 1-4-2018 will be displayed by default, which can be changed as per requirement.
Step5: -	Enterthe Tally Vault Password if required.
Step6: -	PressYorEntertoacceptandsave.

#### ToenableGSTfeaturesin Tally

Step1: -	GotoGatewayofTally>F11:Features>F3:Statutory&Taxation
Step2: -	Inthescreenyouwillfindthefollowingoptions: -
Step3: -	PressYorEntertoacceptandsave.

#### **Tocreate ledgers**

AftercreatingacompanyandactivatingGSTfeatures, youneedtocreateledgers that will enable you to pass accounting entries in Tally ERP 9.

Step1: -	Go toGatewayofTally>AccountsInfo>Ledgers>Create	
Step2: -	CreateledgerssuchasPurchase,Sales,StateGST,Central, Integrated GST, Stock item names etc.	
Step3: -	Selecttheappropriategrouptowhichsuchledgerbelongsfor example state tax under duties and taxes group.	
Step4:-	EntertheotherrelatedinformationrequiredandpressYorEnte to accept and save.	r

AftercreatingledgerswecanproceedwithpreparingAccountingentriesinTally ERP 9. For that we have to follow: -

GatewayofTally>AccountingVouchers

TherearemanyaccountingvouchersinTallysuchasPayment,Receipt,Contra, Sales, Purchase, etc. After choosing the relevant voucher we start passing the accounting entries. HowwillGSTworkinTally.ERP9?

ThefunctionalityofGSTinTallyisalmostthesameasprevalentduringerstwhile taxation laws such as VAT or CST or Service Tax.

ThefirststepbeforepassinganAccountingEntryinTallyistomake GST Calculation.Butfirst,let'stakeanexampleforourunderstanding.Forexample: M/s ABC Ltd of Mumbai sold goods worth Rs. 50,000/- to M/s XYZ Inc.ofAhmedabad;GSTrateapplicableforthegivenproductis18%

**GSTCalculation**-M/sABCLtdhastocollectGSTandsayitis18%.ThenGSTwill come at Rs. 9,000/-.

**TaxableValue**-Thisistheportiononwhichtaxwillbelevied(i.e.,)Rs.50,000/- in this case.

**TypeofTaxtoselect**-SinceitisatransactioninvolvingInter-Statetrade, the ledger to create and select while preparing Accounting entry is IGST ledger.

RateofTaxtobefedduringTaxLedgercreationscreen -18%IGST(Taxtype: Integrated Tax). Tax rate to key while preparing Stock Item Ledger -18% IGST and Tally will automaticallybifurcateanddistributethetaxratetoCGSTandSGSTas9%each.

Otherledgerstocreate-CreateXYZInc., ledgeralongwithGSTIN number.

Now we haveto go to theAccounting VoucherScreenandfitthesedetails inSales Voucher screen (F8). We are also not required to worry about tax calculation as TallyautomaticallycalculatesTaxamountportionbasedonthedetailsfedinStock Item Creation Screen and Tax ledger creation screen.

![](_page_34_Picture_9.jpeg)